## **Life expectancy, Mortality, Death and Limiting Long-Term Illness**

**Table 1: Standardised mortality ratio for DCSDC** 

Period	DCSDC	NI
2008-2010	106.1	100
2009-2011	104.9	100
2010-2012	103.9	100
2011-2013	103.8	100
2012-2014	104.0	100
2013-2015	102.3	100
2014-2016	102.4	100
2015-2017	103.2	100
2016-2018	104.9	100

Source: Death Statistics, Demography and Methodology Branch

Figure 1: Standardised mortality ratio for DCSDC



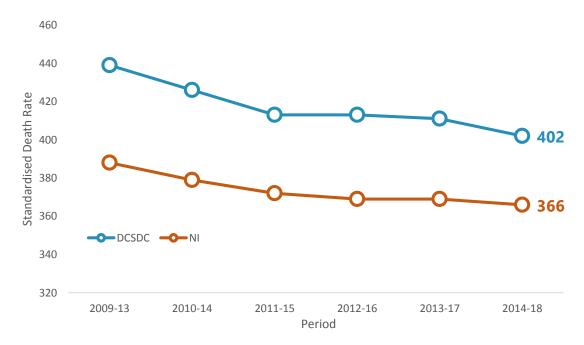
Source: Death Statistics, Demography and Methodology Branch

Table 2: Standardised death rate (Under 75, all-cause mortality) per 100,000 population, DCSDC and NI

Period	DCSDC	NI
2009-13	439	388
2010-14	426	379
2011-15	413	372
2012-16	413	369
2013-17	411	369
2014-18	402	366

Source: Public Health Information and Research Branch, DoH

Figure 2: Standardised death rate (Under 75, all-cause mortality) per 100,000 population, DCSDC and NI



Source: Public Health Information and Research Branch, DoH

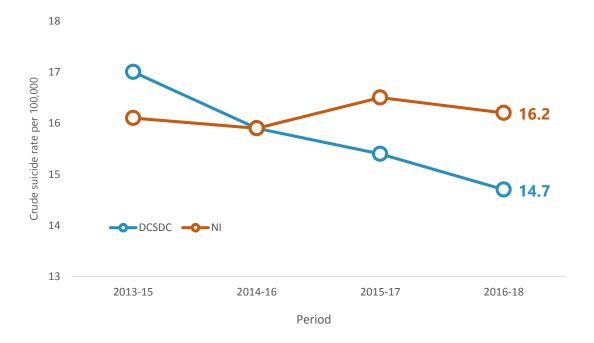
• The standardised death rate for DCSDC and NI, for those aged under 75, continues to decline. Over the period 2014-18, the standardised death rate stood at 402 compared with a rate of 366 for NI.

Table 3: Crude suicide rate per 100,000 population, DCSDC and NI

Period	DCSDC	NI
2013-15	16.1	17.0
2014-16	15.9	15.9
2015-17	15.4	16.5
2016-18	14.7	16.2

Source: Public Health Information and Research Branch, DoH

Figure 3: Crude suicide rate per 100,000 population, DCSDC and NI



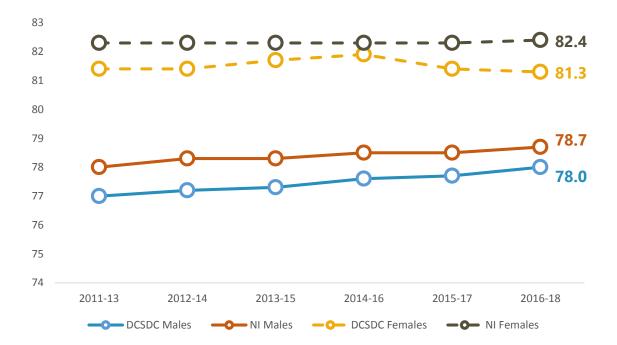
Source: Public Health Information and Research Branch, DoH

Table 4: Life expectancy at birth by gender, DCSDC and NI, 2011-13 to 2016-18

	DCSDC	NI	DCSDC	NI
Period	Males	Males	Females	Females
2011-13	77.0	78.0	81.4	82.3
2012-14	77.2	78.3	81.4	82.3
2013-15	77.3	78.3	81.7	82.3
2014-16	77.6	78.5	81.9	82.3
2015-17	77.7	78.5	81.4	82.3
2016-18	78.0	78.7	81.3	82.4

Source: Health inequalities – life expectancy decomposition, Department of Health

Figure 4: Life expectancy at birth by gender, DCSDC and NI



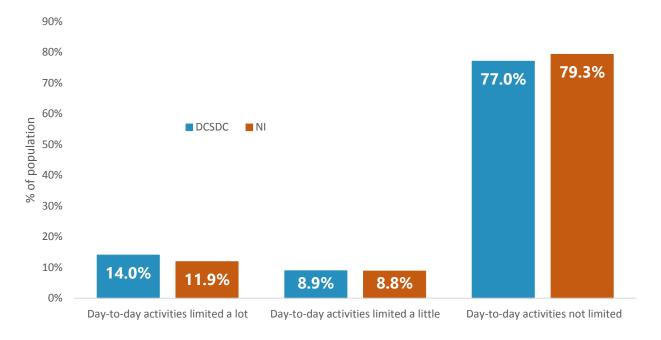
Source: Health inequalities – life expectancy decomposition, Department of Health

Table 5: Percentage of the population with long-term health problem or disability, DCSDC and NI

	Long-term health problem or disability			
Region	Day to day activities limited a lot	Day to day activities limited a little	Day to day activities not limited	
DCSDC	14.0%	8.9%	77.0%	
NI	11.9%	8.8%	79.3%	

Source: Census 2011

Figure 5: Percentage of the population with long-term health problem or disability, DCSDC and NI



Long-term health problem or disability

Source: Census 2011

- Most day to day activities are not limited the figures are 77.0% for DCSDC and 79.3% for NI
- Figures for day to day activities limited a lot are 14% and 11.9% for DCSDC and NI respectively
- Figures for day to day activities limited a little are 8.9% and 8.8% for DCSDC and NI respectively